

NỘI DUNG KIỂM TRA LẠI LỚP 11

MÔN: ANH VĂN

NĂM HỌC: 2022 - 2023

A. TRẮC NGHIỆM:

- Phát âm (ed/ s/ nguyên âm/ phụ âm)
- Dấu nhấn
- AVGT
- Giới từ
- Từ đồng nghĩa
- Từ trái nghĩa
- Đoạn văn điền từ
- Từ vựng (unit 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16)
- Sửa sai
- Ngữ pháp (unit 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16)

B. TỰ LUẬN

- Đoạn văn true/ false
- Chia thì
- Word form
 - danger (n) – dangerous (a) – dangerously (adv) – endanger (v) – endangered (a)
 - pollute (v) – pollution (n) – pollutant (n) – polluted (a) – polluting (a)
 - spacious (a) – spaciouly (adv) – spaciousness (n)
 - comfort (n,v) – comfortable (a) – comfortably (adv)
 - collect (v) – collector (n) – collection (n) – collective (a) – collectively (adv)
 - impress (v) – impression (n) – impressive (a) – impressively (adv)
 - economy (n) – economical (a) – economically (adv) – economic (a) – economize (v)
 - construct (v) – constructor (n) – construction (n) – constructive (a) – constructively (adv)
 - sophisticate (v) – sophistication (n) – sophisticated (a) - sophisticatedly (adv)
 - nature (n) – natural (a) – naturally (adv) – naturalize (v)
 - destroy (v) – destruction (n) – destructive (a) – destructively (adv)
 - strong (a) – strongly (adv) – strength (n) – strengthen (v)
- Viết lại câu:

1. This is a woman. Her son won the scholarship last week. (Rewrite the sentence, using “a relative pronoun”)

→ This is a woman whose son won the scholarship last week.

2. My father goes swimming every day. You met him this morning. (Rewrite the sentence, using “a relative pronoun”)

→ My father, who/ whom you met this morning, goes swimming every day.

3. That's the house. I was born in it. (Rewrite the sentence, using “a relative pronoun with preposition”)

→ That's the house in which I was born.

4. Nam loves books. They have happy endings. (Rewrite the sentence, using “reduced relative clause”)

→ Nam loves

5. The radio was stolen. It was bought 35 years ago. (Rewrite the sentence, using “reduced relative clause”)

→ The radio

6. That was the only man. He was rescued after the crash. (Rewrite the sentence, using “reduced relative clause”)

→ That was

7. She was the last person. She took part in the singing competition. (Rewrite the sentence, using “reduced relative clause”)

→ She was

8. His bad behavior made the teacher angry. (Rewrite the sentence, using “cleft sentence”)

→ It was

9. I met Tuan by chance when I traveled in Hue. (Rewrite the sentence, using “cleft sentence”)

→ It was

10. I borrowed this motorbike from my best friend. (Rewrite the sentence, using “cleft sentence”)

→ It was

11. I got married to her on this day 2 years ago. (Rewrite the sentence, using “cleft sentence”)

→ It was

12. They rumour that Nam speaks English very well.

→ It

→ Nam

13. People say that the pupils won the prizes.

→ It

→ The pupils